

DEFENSE OF COUNTY ACT

Something of a Tangle About Attorneys and Their Pay.

It is probable that a part of the plot to compel the Territory to pay a handsome fee for the defense of the legality of the County Act before the courts was revealed in the resolution introduced into the House yesterday asking Attorney General Andrews a number of questions as to whether he had expressed any doubt of the legality of the Act, whether he had consulted with any persons who had expressed a purpose to test the act, and whether he had had correspondence or communication with certain attorneys relative to the defense of the act in the courts.

Now, as a matter of fact, Mr. Andrews can defend himself and his own course upon any question, and will make an entirely comprehensive answer to the House resolution, without doubt. In fact, some of the correspondence asked for by the House resolution, which by the way was introduced by Representative Carlos Long, has already been made public through an afternoon paper. In connection with the introduction of the resolution, and its introduction, it is perhaps significant that the correspondence in question is with one of the attorneys who would have profited by any appropriation made for the defense of the County Act.

It will be remembered that when the commissioners were asked to assist the Attorney General's department in the defense of the County Act, Mr. Andrews informed them that he had no money to remunerate them for their services other than nominally. Mr. Cooper expressed his entire willingness to assist under the circumstances, as he had worked hard on the County Act, and took a personal interest in its success.

The other, Stewart, was likewise willing to assist but he was, well, perhaps not what you would call so disinterestedly enthusiastic. Also, very shortly after the announcement was made that the commissioners would assist in the defense of the County Act, an attempt was made to appropriate money in the House to pay the attorneys who had agreed to serve without pay in handsome fashion for their services. And then the Governor was heard from, emphatically. He gave it to be understood in pretty plain language, as is the fashion of the Governor, that he would not for a moment countenance any squandering of the public money in this season of scarcity to pay the fees of attorneys who had agreed to work without pay—even if that agreement was tentative, on the part of one of them at least.

Now the move against the Attorney General and against the Governor has taken a new direction, but it will probably be found that the proposed raid upon the Treasury will not succeed any better for the new tactics. Literally, Hawaii has not the money to throw away.

The correspondence made public yesterday, not by the Attorney General, will be interesting perhaps. It follows:

May 6, 1905.

T. McCants Stewart, Esq., Honolulu.
Dear Sir: In consultation with the Governor, I find he feels the Territory's financial situation of two years ago has not been materially altered by the Legislative session which has just expired. The net result is an increased revenue of some \$43,000.00, with many laws requiring increased expenditures throughout the different Departments of even more than this amount. Thus he is of the opinion that the strictest economy in all Departments is as necessary today as it was at that time.

He believes that any funds needed for the defense of the County Act should be raised by private subscription; otherwise it is the duty of my Department to make every effort to defend the law.

Under the circumstances, I do not understand that you would care to assist without fee of any kind, and, therefore, will consider your connection with the matter at an end.

Thanking you for your kindness, I remain,

Respectfully yours,
LORRIN ANDREWS,
Attorney General.

Honolulu, H. T., May 6, 1905.
Hon. Lorrin Andrews, Attorney General, Honolulu.

Dear Sir: I have your kind favor of this date in re my connection with proposed defense of County Act.

If you will refresh your memory, you will find that you have no foundation for the statement, contained in this paragraph of your letter, namely: "Under the circumstances, I do not understand that you would care to assist without fee of any kind."

You will recall that at the interview, which Judge Cooper and myself had with you at your office on last Wednesday, I made it clear that I would serve, if necessary, without pay, using repeatedly the expression, that I would take up the matter as "a public spirited citizen."

I wrote now to re-affirm that statement, and in order that you may not misunderstand it, I repeat that, I shall be glad to assist without putting the Government to a dollar of expense for my services.

With this understanding I shall be glad to have you re-affirm your request for me to appear in the case with Judge Cooper.

Yours truly,
T. McCANTS STEWART.

Matters purely political moved somewhat quietly yesterday, although there was a rumor early in the day that Clarence Crabbe had withdrawn from the race for the mayoralty of Oahu. It proved, upon investigation, to be entirely without foundation. Mr. Crabbe is still in the fight, and still confident of victory. And so is Arthur Brown.

A new man in the field was Robert W. Shingle, who is said to be ambitious to make the race for county treasurer of Oahu.

Returns have been received from a number of precinct clubs in the outer districts that held their nominations for the primaries on Saturday. The Third Precinct Club of the Fourth district had an enthusiastic meeting at the residence of Charles W. Booth, and placed the following candidates in nomination for delegates to be voted for at the primaries: Chas. W. Booth, Robert N. Boyd, Charles N. Marqu, O. Sorenson, A. W. Nealey, John Mana, A. Lewis Jr., A. K. Kono, J. C. Oliviera, A. Manuel, J. P. Dias, David Manuel, D. Kawahoa, Dick Kekona, Frank McIntyre, B. J. Wright, George K. Lowe, D. Kaahana, P. Souza, S. Kenul, J. S. Nobriga, U. Napoleon, Benj. K. Kane, M. J. Cabral, J. K. Kahinu, S. Kaunomana, Kepano, Lima Kahunaale, W. A. Kalls, Moses Naehu. There are ten delegates to be elected from the precinct.

The third of the Fifth, Waialua, elects six delegates, and the club has named the following candidates: Manager Goodall of the Waialua plantation, Ahuna Walkaloa, Charles Kukea, A. S. Mahaulu, Ruel Kinney, Oscar Cox, Andrew Cox, Edward Hoare, H. H. Pleimer.

The sixth of the Fifth, which is at Pearl City, elects six delegates, and has nominated the following: W. G. Ashley, R. H. McKeague, J. H. Defries, Chas. Arnold, J. Darcy, J. H. Kunewa, S. Hookano, G. W. Makauka.

SCHOOL MATTERS BEFORE THE BOARD

A proposition to obtain U. S. transport privileges for Territorial school teachers was given definite form at a meeting of the Board of Education yesterday. It was voted, on motion of Mr. Farrington, that in consequence of the inability of the Territory to provide a summer school in 1905 efforts be made to secure from the Federal Government free transportation on U. S. transports to such teachers in the public schools as desire to attend summer schools on the mainland.

Teachers' examinations were set for the third week in August at Honolulu, Hilo, Waialua and Lihue.

Permission was granted for inmates of the Girls' Industrial school to attend a Sunday school exhibition.

Applications for life diplomas were received from Miss Ida Ziegler and Miss Edith Nichols, and for life certificates from Miss Clara M. Gurney and Mrs. Isabel Creighton, which were referred to the teachers' committee.

An application by a teacher for leave of absence before the close of the present term was denied.

Supt. Davis submitted a compilation of rules and regulations, to be considered at a future meeting.

Mrs. Wilcox was given the places formerly held by Mrs. Hall, retired, on committees.

Mrs. Jordan read an article on manual training from the Union Signal.

The meeting was constituted by J. A. Davis, superintendent; Dr. Alexander, Mrs. Jordan, Mrs. Wilcox, W. R. Farrington and David A. commissioners.

WAS DISCOURAGED, SO TOOK HIS LIFE

Discouraged by the progress of a terrible and incurable disease Akoni Kapawa took his own life shortly after noon yesterday at Kalihii camp. Tying a cord about his neck he fastened the free end to a nail driven in a beam above and doubling up his knees swung off into eternity. So long was the cord that if he had desired he could have easily reached the floor with his feet. But he kept his resolve to die and kept his feet off the floor until death ended his sufferings. Previously he had attempted suicide by shooting but was prevented in time. The deceased was about 28 years of age and had been sick for some time. The inquest will be held today.

MURDER ON HAWAII.

A Porto Rican murdered a Chinaman named Hui Sam, alias Akum, on Hutchinson plantation, Kau, a few days ago. He lured the victim five miles away from home, then shot him in the back of the head and to make sure of his work, slashed the back of Akum's neck with a cane knife, nearly severing the head from the body. The murderer confessed after being arrested. His motive was robbery and when caught he had in possession a silver watch chain, pair of trousers and revolver belonging to the murdered man.

Another murder by a Porto Rican, the victim being his fellow countryman, is reported from Olaa.

CHILDREN WHEN TEETHING.

This is the most dangerous age in the life of a child. At this time they have more or less diarrhoea, which weakens the system and renders the child more susceptible to disease. Any unusual looseness of the bowels should be promptly controlled, which can be done by giving Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, with an occasional dose of castor oil to cleanse the system. For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

The Legislature's baseball game realized \$165.75, allowing, after payment of expenses, \$41.80 each to Maternity Home, Kona Orphanage and Leper Settlement.

SENATORS TRYING TO TRIM APPROPRIATIONS

The Salaries and Current Expenses Bills go to Committee, While the House May Have to Wait for a Little While.

The legislature began getting down to business yesterday in an attempt made by the Senate to get the expenses within the Territorial income, the salaries bill and the current expense bill, the latter having already passed the House, being referred to the Ways and Means Committee with a view to trimming to proper size.

After this had been done at the morning session, Representative Harris came up and asked the Senators privately to reconsider the reference of the bills. Mr. Harris said that the House was waiting on the action of the Senate, and would perhaps have to adjourn for a few days if no measures were sent down to it. He wanted the House to pass the salaries bill as it stood, then to pass the current expense bill on second reading while the House considered the salaries measure. When it had been threshed out down below the two bills could be referred to a joint committee of both Houses and trimmed. The Senators, however, had already virtually pledged themselves to stand by the work of their Ways and Means Committee—and did not want the salaries bill to get out of their hands finally until it had been whipped into shape. Also, it was felt that the House might not stand by the work of its committee.

"It is for the Senate to do its work, and let the House do its work," said Achi, discussing the proposition. "We cannot afford to take chances."

And as that was the sense of the Senate, the bills remained in the hands of the committee, although Dowsett said he could not promise a report before Wednesday, at the earliest. The Senate, however, will take up the loan bill on third reading today. Whether the House will take a rest, as it has threatened to do, remains to be seen. There can be no doubt the statesmen all want to finish up and go home to take part in possible county elections.

THE SENATE.

The Senate yesterday took a step in the line of getting the appropriations inside the estimated income of the Territory, and with marked inconsistency later passed the loan bill, carrying appropriations \$74,000 in excess of the estimates made by its own committee because Senators seemed to regard the loan fund as something in the nature of loot, of which all the islands wanted a share. The day opened with the passage of House Bill 6, to pay unpaid bills, on first reading.

Then Senate Bill 2, which is the salary bill, was taken up, it being stated by Achi that the House was waiting on the Senate, which had got behind in its work. Accordingly, work was begun by a motion from Dowsett to raise the salary of the assessor of Maui to \$175 per month. It carried, and Paris at once moved that the assessor of Hawaii be raised from \$175 to \$200 a month.

ACHI'S BOMBHELL.

And then senator Achi got the floor and threw the first bombshell of the day. "I protest against these raises of salary," he said, emphatically. "We are now \$399,633 in the hole on our appropriation bills as they stand. The income of the Territory is only \$2,926,244 in two years. The House concurrent account bill calls for \$1,487,595. The salary bill carries \$1,468,312. This is a total of \$2,955,907. The House struck out the allowance for the Honolulu water works, amounting to \$110,000, and this should be put back in the bill. The total of appropriations will therefore be \$3,065,907, and the deficit will be \$399,633."

"A banker told me on Saturday that if the appropriations exceed the income, the banks will not accept the Territorial warrants. And if we increase our expenses, we will kill county government. There is nothing else to it."

Paris wanted Hawaii salaries increased if Maui salaries were, and Dowsett favored paying better salaries and cutting the current expense bill.

McCandless asked the Ways and Means Committee if \$399,633 could be cut out of the current expense bill. He wanted the bills given to the Ways and Means Committee in order to get them within the receipts of the Territory, even if a day were lost by it. It would be a saving of time. It was not business to run the Territory behind its appropriations. It was vicious legislation. He moved that Senate Bill No. 2, the salary bill, and House Bill No. 4, the current accounts bill, be referred to the Ways and Means Committee to get the expenses within the income.

ISENBERG'S PROTEST.

President Isenberg took the floor and made a strong speech in support of the motion made by McCandless. "I am in favor of putting the Territory on a business basis, as Senator Achi has suggested," he said. "I believe in paying good salaries to good men, but let us employ fewer men. Senator Bishop let the cat out of the bag when he said that the Governor's estimates of expenses was made without reference to county government. These bills should go to the Ways and Means Committee, and after its work is done the Senate should stand by the committee."

"I have no objection to paying handsome salaries to handsome officials, nor to turning them out in handsome rigs, if we have plenty of money. But the Territory is hard up, and we cannot afford to be extravagant."

The McCandless motion carried with reference to the salaries bill, the measure under consideration, as did a similar motion with relation to House Bill No. 4, the current expense bill, when

that measure was brought up on second reading.

THE LOAN BILL.

The loan bill was taken up in the Senate, next in order on second reading, consideration coming on the item of \$500 for concrete bridges and culverts at Koolaupeke, Oahu. The item was inserted at \$4000.

The items of culverts and approaches to bridges in Waialua was cut from \$15,000 to \$10,000, and the item for new roads in Waialua from \$10,000 to \$5000.

The item of \$6000 for a road from Waialua through Kolioli Pass was struck out.

The item of \$3000 for the extension of Campbell road from Kailua to Leahi street was struck out.

The item of \$500 for a new road, Kanaia to Campbell street, was struck out.

The item of \$13,000 for a new road connecting College Hills district with Moiliili road was reduced to \$10,000, being amended so that rights of way must be given by property owners.

On motion of Dowsett the Kolioli Pass item was reconsidered, and \$1,500 was appropriated for building the road.

Wilcox moved an item of \$7000 for the reconstruction of Waialua bridge, on Kauai.

Achi said he would agree to this, if the Kauai appropriations were cut in some other directions. That was what Oahu did.

"You've got more than your share now," said Wilcox.

Gandall said, very quietly, that Oahu had increased the appropriation for widening Nuuanu street to \$25,000—and he had not noticed any great cut to compensate for this. And then he made a plea for the money needed to save the bridge. The item was inserted.

Dickey moved the insertion of an item of \$5000 for the purchase of a wharf at Kaula, Kaula, Kauai.

Achi amended to provide for the purchase of right of way from the head of the wharf to the government road. The motion, with its amendment, was referred to the Public Lands Committee, to report before the third reading of the bill.

Paris moved the insertion of \$15,000 for a wharf at Kona. It was beaten, however.

Dowsett moved for a reconsideration of appropriations for educational buildings on Hawaii, Maui and Kauai, all of which had been largely increased. It was ruled that the item of \$22,000 for buildings on Hawaii did not have to be reconsidered, and Dowsett moved that that be cut in half.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Senate resumed consideration of the loan bill at the afternoon session at the item of \$22,000 for school buildings on Hawaii on Dowsett's motion to cut in half. The motion stirred up something of a storm, the outside members protesting against the proposed cut.

The Dowsett motion failed, and Hawaii gets the \$22,000.

Bishop moved that the items appropriating money for government buildings on Maui, Hawaii and Kauai be struck out.

Paris moved that all items for water works and sewers be struck out, claiming these were county matters.

Dowsett moved to cut the Oahu school houses to \$15,000.

Bishop's motion was the only one seconded, and in debating this Kalama suggested that the item of \$300,000 for wharves at Honolulu be cut out. That would put the bill within the limit at once.

The Bishop motion failed, and Paris moved that the appropriations for these buildings be reduced to \$10,000.

This motion likewise failed. Dowsett again moved that Oahu's school house appropriation be cut to \$15,000, and Paris moved that the school house appropriation for all the islands be cut to \$75,000 and prorated. This carried.

Dowsett moved to amend by making the school building appropriation \$90,000, \$15,000 for each island. This also carried, and is a sweeping cut.

Paris moved the reduction of Honolulu water works from \$200,000 to \$150,000. This caused a row, of course, and in the course of the discussion Achi made perhaps the most sensible speech that has so far been made in the Senate, taking the ground that money should be put in water works because money came from them. The Senator said that half the loan money should be put in income producing improvement, in order that the Territorial government would have a chance to pay interest on its bonds.

The effort to cut down the appropriation for the Honolulu water works failed. Then the second reading of the bill was concluded, and the measure passed, carrying appropriations of \$1,274,000, which is \$74,000 in excess of the committee's estimate.

Dickey introduced a resolution inserting in Senate Bill No. 2 all the items stricken out because of the passage of the County Act, such additional appropriations not to be available unless the County Act shall be declared to be invalid.

Dickey explained that the purpose was to avoid the necessity of another extra session. The resolution was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Hayesden presented a petition from the Improvement Association of Waiuku asking that liberal appropriations for school purposes be made. The petition was referred to the Committee on Education.

A communication from the House informed the Senate of the passage of a joint resolution requesting the Commissioners of Education to look into the matter of the establishment of agricultural and industrial colleges, under the patronage of the United States government. The resolution went to the Committee on Education. Then the Senate adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

Senate Bill No. 5, the bill to provide for additional current expenses of the Territory, was up for third reading in the House of Representatives yesterday. The bill as passed by the Senate went along swimmingly until the item of \$1500, for Honolulu electric lighting, was reached. Aylett had an amendment to increase the item to \$2000. Some of the out-of-town members fought the increase on the ground that Oahu county should pay the expense, but the amendment carried.

Rice had another amendment to reduce the appropriation to \$1200, which was lost. The sum of \$2000 was appropriated.

SARCASTIC MR. RICE.

There was a row over the appropriation for the expenses of the boards of registration when this came up for consideration. Harris objected to any allowance being made for transportation of commissioners in the outlying islands, as there was, he said, no authorization for it and the Governor's veto would be invited.

"Let it go in," said Rice. "What if the Governor does veto it? It's the same old thing. We pass for water-wagons in different places, and the Governor vetoes. Honolulu wants water-wagons and gets them. It's the same old thing."

The item was inserted.

BREWER'S WHARF TROUBLE.

Waterhouse for the Public Expenditures Committee introduced an amendment to pay \$4500 to reimburse the Hawaiian-American Construction and Engineering Company for an alleged loss over the cancelled Brewer's wharf contract. The motion was opposed, Quinn leading an attack on it. He claimed that the company possibly cancelled instead of having lost the amount claimed. Harris, Andrade and Waterhouse supported the item while Fernandez, Aylett, and Long stood by Quinn's view. Long stated that Superintendent Holloway had told him that the contractors had taken away more material from the old wharf, belonging to the Territory, than would be required to compensate them for any loss. He moved the tabling of the item.

The motion to table was carried on the following division:

Ayes—Aylett, Coelho, Copp, Cox, Fernandez, Greenwell, Hain, Holstein, Kanielo, Kaniho, Liliakalani, Long, Mahikoa, Nakuina, Pulaa, Quinn, Sheldon—17.

Noes—Andrade, Harris, Kalawala, Kalino, Lewis, Rice, Shipman, Smith, Waterhouse—9.

PELEKUNU EPIDEMIC.

On motion of Harris an item of \$579 for the Board of Health, for expenses incurred in suppressing the epidemic at Pelekunu, was passed.

An item of \$1918.82 was inserted for repairs to the tug Eleu.

The bill, with a few other charges of a minor nature, passed as amended.

LONG WANTS TO KNOW.

Just before luncheon recess a resolution was introduced by Rep. Long asking that the clerk be instructed to write the Attorney General asking him the following questions and to report at 2 o'clock:

"1. Have you expressed to any person a doubt as to the legality of the County Act?

"2. Have you held any consultations or interviews with any persons who have declared their intention to test the legality of the County Act in the courts?

"3. Have you stated to Hon. H. E. Cooper and T. McCants Stewart that you have been informed that the legality of the County Act will be tested in the courts and that you desire to have them assist you in defending the act, and if you have had any correspondence with them submit the same to the House.

"4. Have you stated to A. G. M. Robertson that you have information

JURORS ARE FREE

They Need not be Locked Up During Capital Case Trials.

Judge De Bolt reluctantly granted a continuance until this morning of the trial of Philip H. Naone for wife murder. The reason was the engagement of J. J. Dunne, counsel for defendant, in the Federal court.

FREEDOM FOR JURORS.

It is hoped by Judge De Bolt that the reluctance of jurors to serve on trials likely to be protracted will be less manifest now, since Act 75 of the Legislature of 1905 abolishes the rule of locking up a jury in a capital case until it retired to consider its verdict. Jurors in the Jones case were kept away from their homes for many weeks and the Territory put to the expense of boarding and lodging them at a hotel the while.

COURT ITEMS.

Judge Lindsay yesterday began the trial of the ejectment case of James Kaiona vs. Kaeua, for which the following jury was sworn: C. H. Asherton, Thos. Honan, A. Winterstein, Geo. Johnson, K. B. Porter, T. H. Mossman, J. H. Thompson, R. L. Colburn, F. M. Lewis, Rich. Weedon, L. R. A. Hart and A. E. Murphy.

It is expected that Frank C. Bertelmann's trial for impersonating an internal revenue officer will be concluded in the Federal court this morning. The defense began its case early yesterday afternoon.

Ah Ho, charged with selling awa without a license, elected before Judge De Bolt to be tried without a jury. Ah Lum, lottery, failed to appear and a bench warrant for him was issued.

A bill for foreclosure of mortgage has been brought by the Bank of Hawaii, Ltd., against John K. Prendergast, Eleanor K. Prendergast, Manuel J. Carlos and Maria D. Carlos, the debt being \$1000 with interest at 9 per cent. from August 20, 1900, on a promissory note of that date made to defendant Manuel J. Carlos and assigned to plaintiff.

David Dayton, administrator, has appealed to the Supreme Court from the order of Judge Robinson requiring him to pay the life insurance of the late A. B. Scrimgeour, being \$2955 less \$57, to certain heirs of decedent as property not belonging to the estate. The appeal is probably for self-protection of the administrator. Cecil Brown is his attorney.

A suit has been brought by the Trustees of the Bishop Estate against Wai-kiki, Seaside Hotel, Limited, for \$600 and interest from September 1, 1904, on six promissory notes of \$100 each.

LIST OF GUESTS AT VOLCANO HOUSE

Mrs. M. C. Nagle, Denver, Col.; Mrs. E. M. Post, Washington, D. C.; R. W. Shingle, G. W. R. Ewart, L. A. Thurston, E. A. Mott-Smith, A. W. Carter, A. Bottomley, Mr. Lovelkin, J. I. Downing, Alice M. G. Luce, Mary Sexton, Honolulu; Wm. McKay and wife, Jno. C. Searle, A. B. Squire, Dr. John J. Grace, S. Grace, D. E. Metzlar, A. Richley, D. J. Brad, Mr. Jackson, Hilo; W. B. Lyett, steamer Hawaii; C. M. Roberts and wife, Ewa, Oahu; Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Mitchell, Seattle, Wash.; Miss May Baldwin, Santa Cruz, Cal.; Miss Mable Stillman, San Jose, Cal.; H. A. Peairs, Mrs. Clark, San Francisco; J. L. D. Morrison, Philadelphia, Pa.; K. von Skoda, Austria; Mrs. W. J. Griffiths, Boston, Mass.; Alexander McEln, Kulaulu.

that the legality of the County Act will be tested in the courts and that, if consistent with his interests, you would be glad to have him hold himself in readiness to assist you, and have you decided to associate him with you in the matter, and have you informed him?"

The resolution passed, but Attorney General Andrews was busy in court and the queries did not reach him in time for him to answer before the House adjourned at 4 o'clock.

A BROKEN DOWN SYSTEM.

This is a condition (or disease) to which doctors give many names, but which few of them really understand. It is simply weakness—break-down, as it were, of the vital forces that sustain the system. No matter what may be its causes (for they are almost numberless), its symptoms are much the same; the more prominent being sleeplessness, sense of prostration or weariness, depression of spirits and want of energy for all the ordinary affairs of life. Now, what alone is absolutely essential in all such cases is INCREASED VITALITY—VITAL STRENGTH AND ENERGY—to throw off these morbid feelings, and experience proves that as night succeeds the day this may be more certainly secured by a course of the celebrated Life-reviving tonic.

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than by any other known combination. So surely as it is taken in accordance with the printed directions accompanying it, will the shattered health be restored, the EXHAUSTED LAMP OF LIFE LIGHTED UP AGAIN, and a new existence imparted in place of what had so lately seemed worn-out, "used up" and valueless. This wonderful medicine is purely vegetable and innocuous, is agreeable to the taste—suitable for all constitutions and conditions, is either sex; and it is difficult to imagine a case of disease or derangement, whose main features are those of debility, that will not be speedily and permanently benefited by this never-failing and permanently beneficial tonic. It has preceded it for this widespread and numerous class of human ailments.

THERAPION
chapters should see that the word "Therapion" appears on British Government Stamp (in sold by the principal Chemists throughout the world). Price in England, 2/6 and 4/6. Per-while letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.